

KILLED BY KOOLAU!

(Continued from page 1.)

something to eat, after which they were placed in a hut under guard. The following is a list of the lepers: Kala, age 25 (k.); Kalli, age 15 (k.); Meliaka, age 18 (w.); Niho, age 23 (k.); Manula, the fifth one, is not a leper. He is married to Meliaka, and is detained as a witness to the murder of Stolz.

CAMP DOLE, KALALAU VALLEY, KAUAI, Wednesday, July 5, 1893.—Two more members of Company "A," named McCabe and Husberg, respectively, met their death this morning. McCabe was shot and instantly killed by Koolau, the leper outlaw, and Husberg met his death by the accidental discharge of his rifle.

The news was brought to camp in the forenoon by Larsen, who was returning with the body of John Anderson, who was shot and killed the day before. He could give no particulars of the fatalities, as he was not present when the men were shot. During the afternoon C. B. Reynolds arrived at camp and gave the following information regarding the finding of the body of Anderson, and the death of the two others: "Myself and Larsen left camp this morning about 5:30 o'clock with some natives to bring back the body of Anderson, if it could be found. On our way to the head of the valley we stopped at the police camp for a few moments and then started for the front, where Koolau was supposed to be. When we got within a short distance of his hiding place, the searching party spread out, and commenced to look for Anderson's body. After considerable searching, one of the soldier boys found it. The body was dressed only in a pair of trousers, and from appearances he had taken off his shirt as soon as he discovered he was shot. The wound was plugged up with some fern leaves. He had evidently crawled some distance after he was shot to get a safer place to prevent himself from rolling to the bottom of the valley. He was found lying on his back with both hands folded over his abdomen and his head was resting on his cap.

"We tracked the marks of blood for some distance up the hill towards Koolau's stronghold to see if we could find the dead man's rifle. We picked up his cartridge belt and bayonet besides finding his shirt and necktie. These articles were found about fifty feet from where the body laid.

"A short while after this Larsen gave an order to fire some volleys towards the place where Koolau was supposed to be. I did not think this was a good plan because it betrayed our position, but we fired the volleys according to orders. After about sixty shots were fired Larsen placed the squad of men in my charge with orders to get as near as possible to Koolau's place. He then left for the camp.

"We advanced in skirmishing order and reached a position within thirty yards of where the outlaw was hiding in the bluff, as we were under the impression that he had cleared out because he did not reply to our volleys. After we got in line orders were given to the men to cover our advance. Corporal Wells, myself and a private started to get closer to Koolau. At this moment two shots rang out instantaneously, one of which struck Private John McCabe in the head and he dropped back dead. Hirschberg also fell to the rear but I did not know at the time that he was shot. I thought he was retreating for another cover. There were several shots fired about that time by our boys and someone sang out that Hirschberg was dead. In my opinion he was killed by an accidental discharge of his gun as the brush where we stood was very thick, and the trigger must have been caught in a heavy vine. McCabe was shot by Koolau as we saw a flash at the leper's hiding place when he fell.

"We immediately sent a messenger to the lower camp to report the death of the two men and meanwhile held the position we had gained until we received word to bring the bodies down to the camp. After recovering the bodies I returned to camp."

Dr. Cooper who was stationed at the head of the valley at the time of the fatal shooting made an examination of both men and found that in each case death was instantaneous. He came to the conclusion that Husberg met with an accidental death, as powder burns indicated close range. The bullet entered the left side of his neck and passed obliquely upwards and made an exit just below the right ear. Hirschberg was a native of Sweden, aged 25 years and was supposed to be a single man.

John M. B. McCabe, the victim of Koolau, was 48 years of age at the time of his death. He was an Irish-American, and is said to be a veteran of the civil war. I am informed that he is married to a native woman who lives in Honolulu. He has been a resident of this country for a number of years and is well known on the island of Hawaii. In his case the bullet passed through the left side of his head, it fractured the parietal bone and laid open the brain.

Of John Anderson, who was shot yesterday, but little is known. He was a Norwegian and had been in this country but a few months. Before joining the militia he followed the sea for a living. The bullet which ended his career entered under the right clavicle and passed out just below the shoulder blade of the same side. In the opinion of the doctor he lingered some time after he was shot.

Shortly before noon his body reached the camp. The sun was very warm and it was thought best to bury him at once. The natives around the camp were notified to dig a grave, which they did in a short time, and just at 12 o'clock the body of the unfortunate man was consigned to the mother earth. At the grave stood Officer Larsen, Luther Wilcox, your correspondent, Officer Kamana, and three members of company "A," who paid their late comrade the military honors befitting his position.

Later in the afternoon the bodies of McCabe and Hirschberg were brought in. They were laid side by side in a double grave next to Anderson's resting place. Their burial was attended

by Lieut. King, C. B. Reynolds, Dr. Cooper and several others. A salute was fired over their grave also.

CAMP DOLE, KALALAU VALLEY, Friday, July 7th.—Matters have been very quiet about the camp since yesterday morning. Reports from the front speak to the effect that Koolau, or his deadly rifle, has not been seen since Wednesday. A strict guard is kept night and day within a short distance of where he is located to prevent him from decamping. Yesterday morning early the mountain howitzer was carried up to the brow of a steep hill which is situated nearly opposite the stronghold of the lepers. The place was shelled, but owing to the imperfect knowledge of his hiding place, it was a difficult matter to drop the shells to advantage. In all nineteen shells were exploded against the mountain side and it is thought that the last shot reached the required spot. Of course it is only a conjecture and for fear of losing another life no one has been sent to investigate.

Larsen has made up his mind to resort to strategy, and this morning three natives were sent to the top of the Waimea pass, under the guard of two soldiers. The idea is to have the guards at the pass send to Waimea for some giant powder, or some other strong explosive. After securing the same, the natives will guide the soldiers to a spot immediately over where Koolau is hidden and then blow him to pieces. At this writing the plan mentioned seems to be the only possible one as our men cannot reach him without a further loss of life.

This programme will be carried out tomorrow, it is expected.

ON BOARD THE STEAMER IWALANI, Saturday A. M., July 8th: Word was received last night that the giant powder could not be obtained by the guards at the Waimea pass. This fact is not such a great disappointment, as, in the opinion of the guards, it would be impossible to reach a position immediately over the outlaw, which would be necessary to use the explosive to advantage. While the men were returning to camp, and while they were on the Waimea trail, they saw the hiding-place of Koolau. They say that the small ledge on which he stands holds a large boulder which offers him ample protection from bullets fired directly opposite his place. Behind the rock is a small cave, which is estimated to be about 10 feet deep. The leper, with his wife and child, live in this. Another proposition was advanced last evening as a means of capturing the murderer. It is, in brief, to cut a new trail on the side of the mountain to a point where his stronghold can be commanded. It would be a little hard work to accomplish this, but, in the opinion of the best men in the camp, it is a good plan, and one that will win if it is carried out.

The other day the soldiers found two Winchester rifles buried under some rocks near one of Koolau's deserted camps. These were brought to camp, and last night one of the Waimea guards identified them as belonging to the Stolz party. A large pistol is the only weapon missing now. The natives say that Koolau has it.

C. B. Reynolds leaves for Hanalei this morning on the Iwalani. He is accompanied by six members of Company "A." The party will visit a valley near the place mentioned, to capture ten lepers who, it is reported, make their headquarters there. Two lepers are said to be in Hanalei. They deserted Kalalau previous to the shooting of Stolz. They are said to be relatives of Officer Peter Nowlin and, in the opinion of Larsen, he has been attempting to shield them from the authorities.

Larsen leaves for Mana this morning to look up Koolau's relations. If he finds them they will be taken to the valley to act as decoys to draw the outlaw from his hiding place.

Luther Wilcox returns to Honolulu on the steamer. Everybody regrets his departure, as he is more than pleasant company.

Larsen informed me this morning that he had written to the government to send a steamer either next Monday or Tuesday to convey the expedition back to Honolulu. Everybody about camp is well. We return one member of Company "A" to Honolulu. His name is Johnson, and he was injured by falling down a hill the day Anderson was shot, since which time he has been on the sick list.

FRANK L. HOOGS.

DEATH OF MRS. BINDT.

Mrs. Bindt, a native of Hanalei, Kauai, and a resident of this city for many years, died at the Insane asylum on Saturday night. She was about 60 years old. She lived at Hanalei for a number of years, where she was well known and greatly liked by the natives. The deceased leaves a large family to mourn her loss. Two sisters, Misses Ellen and Frances Johnson, and a son are in Honolulu. Her husband and daughter Bertha and several sisters reside in California.

Rev. E. G. Beckwith conducted the funeral services at the family residence Sunday afternoon. Among those present were President S. B. Dole, Attorney-General W. O. Smith, Messrs. B. F. Dillingham, W. E. Rowell, and many others. The remains were interred at the Nuuanu cemetery. The pall bearers were Messrs. W. O. Smith, Henry Smith, H. Waterhouse, D. P. Kellet, C. M. Cooke and F. Wundenberg.

"I would rather trust that medicine than any doctor I know of," says Mrs. Hattie Mason, of Chilton, Carter Co., Mo., in speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This medicine can always be depended upon, even in the most severe and dangerous cases, both for children and adults. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by all medicine dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., Agents for H. I.

SAN FRANCISCO LETTER

Per S. S. China, San Francisco, July 3, 1893.

(From our San Francisco Correspondent.)

Sugar.

NEW YORK, July 3, 1893.—Cuban centrifugal, 96 test, 4.374; granulated, 5.374 net.

The Financial Condition.

A Washington dispatch of June 30 says the president has called a special session of congress by the following proclamation:

"EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30, 1893.—Whereas, the distrust and apprehension concerning the financial situation which pervade all business circles have already caused great loss and damage to our people, and threaten to cripple our merchants, stop the wheels of manufacture, bring distress and privation to our farmers, and withhold from our workmen the wage of labor; and whereas, the present perilous condition is largely the result of a financial policy which the executive branch of the government finds embodied in unwise laws which must be executed until repealed by congress; now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, in performance of a constitutional duty, do, by proclamation, declare that the extraordinary occasion requires the convening of both houses of congress of the United States at the capitol in the city of Washington on the 7th day of August next, at 12 o'clock noon, to the end that the people may be relieved through legislation from present and impending danger and distress. All those entitled to act as members of the fifty-third congress are required to take notice of the proclamation, and attend at the time and place above stated. Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at the city of Washington on the 30th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, 1893, and of the independence of the United States the 117th.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

The action of the British government on June 26th in closing the mints of India and stopping the free coinage of silver with the object of establishing the gold standard, dropped the bottom out of the silver markets of the world and sent the price far lower than ever before.

The proclamation of Cleveland has had a quieting effect and bankers and others are breathing easier, believing that the silver purchase law will be repealed.

The Cholera in Europe.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The reappearance of cholera in Europe does not cause any alarm among the treasury officials. Reports are daily received from United States consuls and other agents abroad, and they concur that the climatic conditions so far in Europe are not conducive to the spread of cholera there. Precautions, however, will not be relaxed.

Cause of the Victoria Disaster.

An investigation in the loss of the warship Victoria has led to the conclusion that the dreadful catastrophe was due to an inexcusable blunder of the vice admiral, in giving such an order and to the fact that Admiral Markham obeyed it and rammed the Victoria. The latter will be tried by court martial. The loss will reach fully 400 men.

Shot Down Like Dogs.

Folsom prison has furnished another dreadful tragedy which is a disgrace to the state, and should result in Warden Aull serving a long term for his part in it. On June 27th several of the desperate convicts who had planned an escape made a break in the quarry, headed by George Sontag one of the famous bandit gang. They captured the foreman of the gang and used him as a shield against the shots of the guards and having several guns and revolvers made a fight. The guards opened fire on them from all directions and lastly, after the foreman had escaped from his captors, the gattling gun was turned loose on the poor wretches with the result that three were killed and four wounded. Sontag being among the latter and suffering severely. After the three men were killed and the gattling gun began operations the desperate convicts used the bodies of the dead as barricades to protect themselves. A subsequent examination showed that one of the victims had been pierced by twenty-four bullets. Warden Aull says he knew an outbreak was intended and he imported a lot of sharpshooters from the mountains, making them temporary guards and ordered them to kill at once any one who attempted to escape. The butchered men were A. Dalton of San Francisco, Henry Wilson, Solano county, and Frank Williams a life timer. Two young convicts who were merely spectators were shot, one, Thomas Schell, fatally.

The Midwinter Fair.

The big midwinter exposition is now a certainty, and the preliminary work of organizing and arranging for the collection of funds is progressing rapidly. Herr Cornely, the German commissioner to the World's Fair, who suggested the San Francisco exposition, has been made director-general, and he will have a board of directors to co-operate with him. Money to carry out the plan is offered freely from all parts of the state, and there is now no doubt that San Francisco will have a great exposition which will last six months. It will doubtless be located in Golden Gate park.

American News.

Governor Altgelt of Illinois has called down the wrath of the people of this country by pardoning the three Chicago anarchists who in May, 1889, led the Haymarket riot, in which seven people were killed and sixty-six wounded.

Miss Force of Atlanta, Georgia, the young woman who poisoned her two sisters, was acquitted of the charge on the ground of monomania.

The present depression in business has caused the shutting down of two large cotton mills near Philadelphia, and more are expected to close soon.

According to the estimate on the basis of the new Chicago directory, just out, Chicago is now the largest city in the country. The editor of that publication makes a total population of 2,100,000.

On June 21 President Cleveland summarily removed from office Collector of Customs Lotan of Portland, Oregon, for engaging in fraudulent practices in Puget Sound.

Evans and Sontag, the wounded bandits, recently captured, have been taken to Fresno jail for safer keeping.

The expense of the grand naval review at New York was only \$76,000, although \$300,000 was appropriated.

An express train from San Antonio, Texas, was stopped on the afternoon of June 21 by robbers, but they were driven off by armed train men. Another train robber came to grief the following day near Oklahoma City.

On July 1st the Mount Wilson railroad of Pasadena was opened to the public.

Foreign News.

A dispatch from Burmah of June 24, says: For several days Moslems have been preparing to celebrate a religious festival today. This morning they were forbidden by Mr. Fleming, British magistrate, to sacrifice a cow near the Hindu temple. When the police appeared near the temple with the announcement the Mohammedans began stoning them. The police charged without firing, but the Mohammedans held their ground stubbornly and fought back with sticks and stones.

At last Flemming ordered them to fire and twenty Mohammedans fell dead and many more were severely wounded. Four companies of military then charged on the double-quick with fixed bayonets. The Mohammedans dispersed slowly and still fighting. The military is occupied in clearing the streets. Many Mohammedans and Hindus have been killed and scores wounded. The regulars are regarded as unequal to the work of subduing them, and the volunteers have been called upon to do duty in the streets.

Latest returns from the German elections indicate that the Emperor will have a slight majority in the Reichstag.

Cornelius Herz, who fled from France to escape arrest in connection with the Panama canal scandals, is dying in London. He has not yet told his story and probably will not.

A dispatch to the London Times from Bangkok, the capital of Siam, says the French gunboat Lutis is anchored in the river opposite the center of Bangkok and has made preparations to fire upon the city. The dispatch adds, though most anxious to maintain friendship with the French, Siam is quietly determined to resist aggression and is preparing for any contingency. The defenses of the country prove stronger than expected. Three ships have been sunk at the entrance of the Menam, a river on which Bangkok is situated, about twenty miles from its mouth. This reduces the channel to the narrowest limit it is possible for use and the government is ready at a moment's notice to complete the block to prevent the ingress and egress of vessels.

The election in Northeast Cork to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the withdrawal from the House of Michael Davitt, the anti-Parnellite, was held June 25th. William Abraham, an anti-Parnellite, was elected without opposition.

Chile is threatened with another revolution with Piorola as its leader. He desires to be president and considers war the only way to success.

A report from Panama says that General Ferdieo Gutierrez, the Costa Rican liberal leader, has arrived here from San Juan del Sur, having been refused permission to land at Punta Arenas. In an interview General Gutierrez predicted an early and successful revolution in Costa Rica against the Rodriguez Iglesias dictatorship. The Herald's correspondent at Rivera telegraphs that General Selgado surprised the garrison at Carpinitoria and captured the town after routing the Third Infantry. General Sataiva is marching toward Samsorja.

Sporting.

In the fight before the Columbian athletic club, between Peter Maher, the Irish champion, and Val Flood, of Australia, the latter was whipped easily in four rounds.

The great American Derby, at Chicago, was the most successful meet ever held there, with fifteen starters. Don Alonzo, the favorite, was beaten badly, and Boundless, of Kentucky, a thirty-to-one shot, regarded as a rank outsider, captured the fat purse, breaking the record and bringing it down to 2:36. Forty thousand people were present and went wild over the event.

Jake Gaudaur, the champion oarsman of Canada, has been challenged by Stansbury for a match for \$5000.

It is probable that the coming fight between Jim Corbett and Charles Mitchell will take place before the Columbian athletic club for a purse of \$45,000.

In the race from this city to Santa Cruz, between the deep-water yachts Lurline, sailed by John D. Spreckels, and the Jesse, Oggie and Ramoa, the Lurline won easily. She was favored by light winds.

Shipping.

While the steamer Al-Ki was lying at the pier, a fire broke out in the boiler room, and burned for a half hour before it could be subdued. Loss about \$1000.

It is reported that the sealing schooner Helen Blum was wrecked on Chirikoff Island, Alaska. The crew has not been heard from. There were fourteen.

The flag at the Executive building was flying at half-mast Sunday in respect to the memory of those killed at Kalalau.

THE HANDY PISTOL

D. NAWAI SHOOTS HIS WIFE

AND A NATIVE HACK DRIVER.

Jealousy Caused the Trouble—Statement of the Husband—The Stories of the Woman and Ioela.

He Is Released On \$500 Bail.

A shooting affair took place on Saturday night, between 9 and 10 o'clock, at Kepohoni, below the Kamakapili church, where D. Nawai Namaiehua shot his wife, Haili, and her alleged paramour, Ioela.

After arrest he was seen by a reporter of the ADVERTISER at the station house yesterday morning, where he made a statement briefly as follows: Last Saturday night, at about 9 o'clock, after partaking of a glass of gin with his friends in a house on Queen street, he left, saying that he was going to do something mysterious. He went straight to his house, at the corner of King and Alakea streets, in the rear of P. G. Camarinos' fruit store. He found his little adopted daughter alone in the house. He asked where his wife was and the little girl replied that she did not know.

Nawai then headed for Mr. Geo. Shaw's place, on Smith's lane. He suspected that Mrs. G. E. Richardson had taken his wife to Shaw's house. On reaching the house he went up the stairs and opened the door. He saw two people lovingly embracing each other, and he immediately recognized them to be his wife, Haili, and Ioela, a native hack driver. Nawai at once fired his 32-calibre pistol, at his wife first, and then turning, fired two shots at Ioela.

Nawai said there was no light in the room and that all the people belonging to the house were in an adjoining room. After firing the third shot, Ioela rose up and tried to wrest the pistol from him. During the struggle Nawai fell in a pool of blood and Ioela succeeded in securing his pistol.

Ioela then began to hammer Nawai's head with the pistol. Nawai, finding himself unable to defend himself, feigned to be dying and groaned. Ioela left the room and went down stairs. No one tried to interfere between them, as people were afraid of the pistol. Nawai followed Ioela without being seen. He jumped over a rear fence and ran to Mtunakea street, where he found a hack and was driven to the police station. There he surrendered himself.

When Nawai arrived at the station blood was flowing freely from three deep cuts made on his forehead by Ioela with the pistol. Dr. Day dressed his wounds. Nawai's pants were thickly smeared with poi.

Nawai was married to Haili at Wailuku, Maui, seven years ago. He was charged with assault with a deadly weapon, and was released during the morning on \$500 bail, furnished by Messrs. Jno. Kaini and Keohokii.

Ioela's friends were greatly surprised to see him out driving his hack, No. 82, early yesterday morning. He showed his wound to the ADVERTISER reporter. The ball passed through a thick coat and lodged in the flesh near the right shoulder blade. His story is as follows: At about 9 o'clock last Saturday night, they were eating at Geo. Shaw's place on Smith's lane. There were present besides himself, Mrs. G. E. Richardson, Mrs. Nawai, Namaiehua and three others. Nawai entered the room and fired a shot at Haili, his wife. Nawai next fired two shots at him, one missing, and one struck him near the right shoulder blade. He jumped up and caught Nawai by the arms. While they were struggling, all the people left the room. He and Nawai fell upon the poi calabashes and plates of fish. He knocked Nawai down and took away the pistol, and then went down without hurting Nawai at all.

Mrs. Nawai was shot through the mouth, the ball passing out the right cheek and penetrating the right shoulder. She was seen at the Queen's hospital yesterday

afternoon, and her story is as follows:

Her husband Nawai found her and several others eating at a house on Smith's lane. She saw her husband coming, and was about to call him to come and eat when he fired his first shot at her. She ran down stairs and then became unconscious. She did not know when Dr. Day extracted the ball from her shoulder at the police station on Saturday night. She was sent up to the Queen's hospital at about 10 o'clock the same night. Passed a comfortable night. She is a half-caste Chinese woman and about 38 years of age.

Nawai is a native, and 30 years of age. He is a painter by trade, but has been working of late as a longshoreman owing to hard times. The couple have been living harmoniously together lately until Ioela rented an adjoining room several months ago. Nawai then noticed his wife's manner toward him changing. It was her custom to get up in the morning and do the cooking. Since Ioela's arrival she refused to cook for her husband. On several occasions Nawai found her cooking food for Ioela. He warned her to desist, but she was headstrong. Whenever she wanted to go out for two or three days she would raise a family row as a pretext. Stories by eye-witnesses relating to his wife's conduct during his absence at work were continually brought to him, but he tried the best he could to settle the matter peaceably with his wife.

On the other hand, Mrs. Nawai accuses her husband of being a drunkard, and when she remonstrated against his cravings for liquor it would only make the matter worse. Her husband had threatened to kill her before, and on that account she had hidden his pistol. Nawai either bought a new one, or had borrowed one.

FROM KALALAU.

THE IWALANI BRINGS FIVE MORE LEPEERS.

The steamer Iwalani, Captain Freeman, arrived Sunday afternoon from Kalalau, via Makaweli, Kauai. An immense crowd of people were present at the wharf to hear the latest news. As soon as the steamer docked near the O. S. S. Co.'s wharf, a number of officials and reporters boarded her at once. Messrs. W. L. Wilcox, Privates Johnson and Marmont, Officer Kamana and Jim Macy were late arrivals from Kalalau.

News had been received by the steamer Mikahala in the morning that two of the soldiers had been killed by Koolau. The arrival of the Iwalani confirmed the news, and expressions of sympathy for the slain men were heard on every side.

The four lepers from Kalalau—three men and one woman—together with her husband, a non-leper, were landed and taken immediately to the Kalihii receiving station where they and the fifteen lepers who were brought here last week by the steamer Waialeale will undergo examination. The leper Paoa (k.) was among the first to land.

The steamer Iwalani will be dispatched again to Kalalau at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The government will send by her a further supply of ammunition for the Krupp guns, together with official dispatches for the expedition. The vessel will carry a mail.

Death of a Composer.

George Liwa Kahi, a Hawaiian of about 25 years of age, who has been employed as a typo in the job department of the Hawaiian Gazette Publishing Co., died at his home near the Kaumakapili church last Saturday. He had been suffering for several weeks with the grippe. He leaves a wife and four little girls, the eldest six years of age, a mother and a large number of relatives to mourn his loss. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon, his remains being buried at Kawaiaho cemetery.

Saturday's Game.

The baseball on Saturday afternoon between the Hawaii and Crescents was witnessed by a small audience. After many defeats, the Crescents scored their second victory over the Hawaii by a score of 6 to 5 runs. The following is the score by innings:

Score by innings table with columns for Hawaii and Crescents, and rows for innings 1 through 9.

Score by innings: Hawaii 1 0 0 0 3 2 0 6, Crescents 2 0 1 0 0 1 1 5.